How Herbicides Advanced Applied Math in Ecuador

Peter Bener[†] Hermann Mena^{*}

†Max Planck Institute for Dynamics of Complex Technical Systems, D-39106 Magdeburg, Germany

*University of Innsbruck, Department of Mathematics, A-6020 Innsbruck, Austria

Heidelberg Laureate Forum September 2014

MPI Magdeburg/University of Innsbruck

P. Benner & H. Mena

How Herbicides Advanced Applied Math in Ecuador

Outline

1 A PhD program in Ecuador

- 2 Mathematics in Ecuador before 2002
- 3 First funded project ever
- 4 Achievements



P. Benner & H. Mena How Herbicides Advanced Applied Math in Ecuador

The PhD program and DAAD

The first PhD program in Applied Mathematics (PPAM) in Ecuador was set up with the support of TU Berlin and DAAD

- 02-08 PPAM was program in Combinatorial optimization, Optimization and control, and Numerical Analysis
- 12/02 PPAM starts with six students
- 08/07 First graduate
 - 10 8 graduate students in total



・ロト ・同ト ・ヨト ・ヨ

Source: TU Berlin intern 10.2003

Mathematics in Ecuador before 2002

The Department of Mathematics at Escuela Politécnica Nacional in Ecuador was founded in 1975

- Scientific production very low.
- Until 2003 there was no research groups
- Mainly no international cooperations
- No support from the goverment/industry
- In 2003 less than 120 graduates in Pure/Applied(Statistics) Mathematics



- - E - E

The Glyphosate Spray Drift

at the Ecuador-Colombia border

Glyphosate is a herbicide used by the Colombian government to spray coca fields close to the Ecuadorian border

- '00-'06 Sprays took place. Negative impact on health and agriculture*
 - '05 Ecuador and Colombia signed an agreement to stop the spraysin a 10 km corridor along the border
 - '06 Colombia was under suspect to not respect the agreement
 - '07 A trail in the International Court of Justice started
 - '13 The case was settled



Source: http://es.wikipedia.org/wiki/Glifosato

*[Meister 95], [Cox 95], [Avila/Bravo/Breilh/Campaa/Paz_y_Miño/et.al=07], ...=

The Glyphosate Spray Drift

at the Ecuador-Colombia border

PIC-400: Simulation of the Glyphosate Spray Drift at the Ecuador-Colombia border

Objectives:

- Propose a mathematical model
- Perform a numerical simulation in the sensitive zones
- Evaluate, together with other research groups, whether the agreement to not spray in a 10km strip was respected





MPI Magdeburg/University of Innsbruck

Difficulties

Models require inputs representing:

- 1 the aircraft, flight conditions, the nozzles,
- 2 the drop size distributions,
- 3 the spray material properties,
- 4 the ambient meteorology

P. Benner & H. Mena

Difficulties

Models require inputs representing:

- 1 the aircraft, flight conditions, the nozzles,
- 2 the drop size distributions,
- 3 the spray material properties,
- 4 the ambient meteorology

In our case ...

- \times The first three set of inputs are not available.
- Fourth and fifth are difficult to approximate (mix of herbicides: glyphosate, POEA, Cosmo Flux 411F).

< 台)

Sprays at the border

Aerial spray guidelines

- use largest droplet size consistent with the standards
- 2 spray when wind speeds are between 1.3 and 4.5 ms^{-1}
- 3 avoid spraying in low humidity and high temperature conditions
- 4 height of aerial sprays at most 25 m

Sprays at the border

Aerial spray guidelines

- use largest droplet size consistent with the standards
- 2 spray when wind speeds are between 1.3 and 4.5 ms^{-1}
- 3 avoid spraying in low humidity and high temperature conditions
- 4 height of aerial sprays at most 25 m

Sprays at Ecuador-Colombia border*

- × droplet size not according to the standards
- × height of aerial sprays between 40-800 m
- × in practice ambient meteorology easily exceeds the limits

Sensitive Zones



First funded project ever

Achievements

Simulation 2km x 2km domain

▲日▼▲□▼▲□▼▲□▼ 回▼ 2000

MPI Magdeburg/University of Innsbruck

P. Benner & H. Mena How Herbicides Advanced Applied Math in Ecuador

Achievements

- In 09/13 the case was settled Colombia agreed to pay 15 million US dollars to Ecuador.
- A supercomputing Center for the Department of Mathematics at Escuela Politécnica Nacional was set up
- The Goverment/Industry decided to invest in research, founded the MODEMAT.

Achievements

- In 09/13 the case was settled Colombia agreed to pay 15 million US dollars to Ecuador.
- A supercomputing Center for the Department of Mathematics at Escuela Politécnica Nacional was set up
- The Goverment/Industry decided to invest in research, founded the MODEMAT.
- Scientific production increase.
- LAWOC
- SEDEM
- Ecuador en la IMU
- YACHAY...



References

 P. Benner, H. Mena, J. Lang and R. Schneider
3D Simulation of the Glyphosate Aerial Spray Drift at the Ecuador-Colombia border

in preparation

P. Benner, H. Mena and R. Schneider Modelling of the Glyphosate Aerial Spray Drift at the Ecuador-Colombia border submitted 2014

3 P. Benner, H. Mena and R. Schneider Mathematical model for the glyphosate aerial sprays at Ecuador-Colombia border (in Spanish), 200 pages to appear 2014

