Optimal Control-Based Feedback Stabilization of Multi-Field Flow Problems

Eberhard Bänsch¹ Peter Benner^{2,3} Jens Saak^{2,3} Martin Stoll² <u>Heiko K. Weichelt³</u> Stephan Weller¹

¹ Friedrich-Alexander-Universität Erlangen-Nürnberg Department of Applied Mathematics III

² Max Planck Institute for Dynamics of Complex Technical Systems Magdeburg, Research group Computational Methods in Systems and Control Theory

³ Chemnitz University of Technology, Department of Mathematics, Research group Mathematics in Industry and Technology







SPP1253 Final Meeting Banz, Februar 24-26 2013



	Workflow	Numerical Examples	Conclusion
Overview			

1 Project Summary

2 Scenarios

3 Workflow



5 Conclusion

Project Summary		Workflow	Numerical Examples	Conclusion
•				
Project Sumr Basics/Goals	nary			

Basics

- Consider incompressible, instationary Navier-Stokes equations (NSE).
- Riccati-based feedback stabilization with boundary control input.
- Analytical approach by [RAYMOND since 2005].
- Ideas for numerical treatment based on [BÄNSCH/BENNER '10].

Goals

- Find discrete version of *Leray* projection.
- Stabilization using LQR restricted to space of divergence free functions.
- Adapt Newton-ADI algorithms to solve projected LQR problems.
- Apply feedback in forward simulations using NAVIER.
- Extend approach to coupled multi-field flow problems.

Р 0	roject Summary	Scenarios ●○	Workflow 000	Numerical Examples	Conclusion OO
	Scenarios				
	Scenario 0: NSE on vo	on Kármán Vo	ortex Street		
2	PDE: NSE			QR	
C	Goal: $\vec{z} = \vec{v} - \vec{w} \rightarrow \vec{v}$	0	Mi	nimize	
^	→ Linearized Navier-	Stokes equat	ions:	$Y(\mathbf{y},\mathbf{u}) = \frac{1}{2} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \lambda \mathbf{y} ^2$	$+\frac{1}{2} \mathbf{u} ^{2} dt$
è -	$\frac{\partial \vec{z}}{\partial t} - \frac{1}{R_{0}}\Delta \vec{z} + (\vec{z} \cdot \nabla$	$(\vec{w}\cdot abla)$	$)\vec{z} + \nabla p = 0$ s.t.	$2 J_0$	ρ · · · ·
ſ	or Re		div $\vec{z} = 0$	A 0] d [z] [A]	G] $[z]$, $[B]$.
c	defined for $t \in (0, \infty)$) and $\vec{x} \in \Omega$		$0 0] \overline{dt} [\mathbf{p}]^{-} [G^{T}]$	0][p] ⁺ [0] ^u
-	+ boundary and initia	al conditions		$\mathbf{y}(t) = C\mathbf{z}(t)$	













LQR
Minimize

$$\mathcal{J}(\mathbf{y}, \mathbf{u}) = \frac{1}{2} \int_0^\infty \lambda ||\mathbf{y}||^2 + \frac{1}{\rho} ||\mathbf{u}||^2 dt$$
s.t.

$$\begin{bmatrix} M_z & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & M_c & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \frac{d}{dt} \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{z} \\ \mathbf{c} \\ \mathbf{p} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} A_z & 0 & G \\ R & A_c & 0 \\ G^T & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{z} \\ \mathbf{c} \\ \mathbf{p} \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} B \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{u}$$

$$\mathbf{y}(t) = C\mathbf{c}$$



Minimize

$$\mathcal{J}(\mathbf{y}, \mathbf{u}) = \frac{1}{2} \int_0^\infty \lambda ||\mathbf{y}||^2 + \frac{1}{\rho} ||\mathbf{u}||^2 dt$$
s.t.

$$\begin{bmatrix} M_z & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & M_c & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \frac{d}{dt} \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{z} \\ \mathbf{c} \\ \mathbf{p} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} A_z & 0 & G \\ R & A_c & 0 \\ G^T & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{z} \\ \mathbf{c} \\ \mathbf{p} \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} B \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{u}$$

$$\mathbf{y}(t) = C\mathbf{c}$$



Minimize

$$\mathcal{J}(\mathbf{y}, \mathbf{u}) = \frac{1}{2} \int_0^\infty \lambda ||\mathbf{y}||^2 + \frac{1}{\rho} ||\mathbf{u}||^2 dt$$
s.t.

$$\mathcal{M}\frac{d}{dt} \begin{bmatrix} \tilde{\mathbf{z}} \\ \tilde{\mathbf{c}} \end{bmatrix} = \mathcal{A} \begin{bmatrix} \tilde{\mathbf{z}} \\ \tilde{\mathbf{c}} \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} \mathcal{B} \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{u}$$

$$\mathbf{y}(t) = \mathcal{C}\tilde{\mathbf{c}}$$
HEINTERSCHLOSS/SOHENSEN/SUN '08]

		Workflow	Numerical Examples	Conclusion
0	00	•00	00	00
Workflow				
LQR for Nonline	ar PDEs with Algeb	oraic Constraints		
Continuous Lev	/el			
• Linearize a	around a given st	ationary		
trajectory.				
 Index redu 	ction via projecti	on		
method. [F	IEINKENSCHLOSS/SORENSEN/SU	IN '08]		

• Formulate stabilization problem for the perturbation.

Project Summary	Scenarios	Workflow	Numerical Examples	Conclusion
Workflow LQR for Nonline	ar PDEs with Algel	oraic Constrai	nts	
Continuous Lev	/el		Semi-Discretized Level	
 Linearize a trajectory. 	around a given st	ationary	• Discretization via inf-su (Taylor-Hood-Elements)	p stable FE).
 Index redu method. [F 	ction via project IEINKENSCHLOSS/SORENSEN/S	ion ^{UN '08]}	• Construct and assemble input and output operate	suitable tors.
 Formulate the pertur 	stabilization pro bation.	blem for	 Adapt Newton-ADI app deal with projection. 	roach to





6/12 E. Bänsch, P. Benner, J. Saak, M. Stoll, H. K. Weichelt, St. Weller Optimal Control-Based Feedback Stabilization of Multi-Field Flow Problems



Project Summary	Workflow	Numerical Examples	Conclusion
	000		
Workflow Nested Iteration			

Project Summary	Workflow	Numerical Examples	Conclusion
	000		
Workflow			

> Step m + 1: solve Lyapunov equation $(\mathcal{A} - \mathcal{B}\mathcal{K}^{(m)})^T X^{(m+1)} \mathcal{M} + \mathcal{M}^T X^{(m+1)} (\mathcal{A} - \mathcal{B}\mathcal{K}^{(m)}) = -(\mathcal{W}^{(m)})^T \mathcal{W}^{(m)}$

low rank ADI method

Newton Kleinman method

Project Summary	Workflow	Numerical Examples	Conclusion
	000		
Workflow			

Step m + 1: solve Lyapunov equation $(\mathcal{A} - \mathcal{B}\mathcal{K}^{(m)})^T X^{(m+1)} \mathcal{M} + \mathcal{M}^T X^{(m+1)} (\mathcal{A} - \mathcal{B}\mathcal{K}^{(m)}) = -(\mathcal{W}^{(m)})^T \mathcal{W}^{(m)}$



low rank ADI method

Krylov solver

Step i: solve the projected linear system $(\mathcal{A} - \mathcal{B}\mathcal{K}^{(m)} + q_i\mathcal{M})^T\mathcal{V}_i = \mathcal{Y}$ (1)

Project Summary	Workflow	Numerical Examples	Conclusion
	000		
Workflow Nested Iteration			

Newton Kleinman method

Step m + 1: solve Lyapunov equation $(\mathcal{A} - \mathcal{B}\mathcal{K}^{(m)})^T X^{(m+1)} \mathcal{M} + \mathcal{M}^T X^{(m+1)} (\mathcal{A} - \mathcal{B}\mathcal{K}^{(m)}) = -(\mathcal{W}^{(m)})^T \mathcal{W}^{(m)}$

	Ste	i : solve the projected linear system
thod	(A -	$-\mathcal{BK}^{(m)}+q_i\mathcal{M})^T\mathcal{V}_i=\mathcal{Y}$ (1)
l <mark>ow rank ADI met</mark>	Krylov solver	Avoid explicit projection using [Heinkenschloss/Sorensen/Sun '08]:

Project Summary	Workflow	Numerical Examples	Conclusion
	000		
Workflow Nested Iteration			

Compute feedback matrix $\mathcal{K} = \mathcal{B}^T X \mathcal{M}$ with X solves: $\mathcal{R}(X) = \mathcal{C}^{\mathsf{T}}\mathcal{C} + \mathcal{A}^{\mathsf{T}}X\mathcal{M} + \mathcal{M}^{\mathsf{T}}X\mathcal{A} - \mathcal{M}^{\mathsf{T}}X\mathcal{B}\mathcal{B}^{\mathsf{T}}X\mathcal{M} = 0$

Newton Kleinman method

Step m + 1: solve Lyapunov equation $(\mathcal{A} - \mathcal{B}\mathcal{K}^{(m)})^T X^{(m+1)} \mathcal{M} + \mathcal{M}^T X^{(m+1)} (\mathcal{A} - \mathcal{B}\mathcal{K}^{(m)}) = -(\mathcal{W}^{(m)})^T \mathcal{W}^{(m)}$

Step i: solve the projected linear system $(\mathcal{A} - \mathcal{B}\mathcal{K}^{(m)} + q_i\mathcal{M})^T\mathcal{V}_i = \mathcal{Y} \qquad (1)$ ow rank ADI method Avoid explicit projection using [HEINKENSCHLOSS/SORENSEN/SUN '08]: **Replace** (1) and **solve instead** the saddle point system (SPS) Krylov solver $\begin{bmatrix} A^{T} - (K^{(m)})^{T}B^{T} + q_{i}M^{T} & G \\ G^{T} & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} V_{i} \\ * \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} Y \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$ for different ADI shifts q_i for a couple of rhs Y.

		Workflow	Numerical Examples	Conclusion
	00	000		
Workflow Additional Tasks				MI

- Compute initial feedback for unstable systems.
 - $\hookrightarrow \ \, \text{Determine the invariant unstable subspace } \mathcal{U}.$
 - \hookrightarrow Solve Bernoulli equation on \mathcal{U} [Benner '11, Amodei/Buchot '12].

		Workflow	Numerical Examples	Conclusion
	00	000		
Workflow Additional Tasks				

- Compute initial feedback for unstable systems.
 - $\, \hookrightarrow \, \, {\sf Determine \ the \ invariant \ unstable \ subspace \ } {\cal U}.$
 - $\,\hookrightarrow\,$ Solve Bernoulli equation on $\mathcal U$ [Benner '11, Amodei/Buchot '12].
- Derive an efficient variant of large-scale Newton-ADI.
 - $\,\hookrightarrow\,$ Preprint SPP1253-090 [Benner/Saak '10].

Project Summary	Scenarios	Workflow	Numerical Examples	Conclusion
Workflow Additional Tasks				

- Compute initial feedback for unstable systems.
 - \hookrightarrow Determine the invariant unstable subspace \mathcal{U} .
 - \hookrightarrow Solve Bernoulli equation on \mathcal{U} [BENNER '11, AMODEI/BUCHOT '12].
- Derive an efficient variant of large-scale Newton-ADI.
 - $\,\hookrightarrow\,$ Preprint SPP1253-090 [Benner/Saak '10].
- Calculate ADI shift parameters depending on the problem structure.
 - $\,\hookrightarrow\,$ Different methods have been tested (Penzl, Wachspress, Saak).
 - $\,\hookrightarrow\,$ Infinite eigenvalues of DAE pencil yield additional difficulties.

Project Summary	Scenarios	Workflow	Numerical Examples	Conclusion
Workflow Additional Tasks				

- Compute initial feedback for unstable systems.
 - \hookrightarrow Determine the invariant unstable subspace \mathcal{U} .
 - \hookrightarrow Solve Bernoulli equation on \mathcal{U} [BENNER '11, AMODEI/BUCHOT '12].
- Derive an efficient variant of large-scale Newton-ADI.
 - $\,\hookrightarrow\,$ Preprint SPP1253-090 [Benner/Saak '10].
- Calculate ADI shift parameters depending on the problem structure.
 - $\,\hookrightarrow\,$ Different methods have been tested (Penzl, Wachspress, Saak).
 - $\,\hookrightarrow\,$ Infinite eigenvalues of DAE pencil yield additional difficulties.
- Preconditioned iterative solvers for innermost saddle point systems.
 - $\label{eq:preprint SPP1253-130 for Stokes equations} \\ [Benner/Saak/Stoll/W. '12].$

		Workflow	Numerical Examples	Conclusion
0	00	000	00	
Workflow Additional Tasks				

- Compute initial feedback for unstable systems.
 - \hookrightarrow Determine the invariant unstable subspace \mathcal{U} .
 - \hookrightarrow Solve Bernoulli equation on \mathcal{U} [BENNER '11, AMODEI/BUCHOT '12].
- Derive an efficient variant of large-scale Newton-ADI.
 - $\,\hookrightarrow\,$ Preprint SPP1253-090 [Benner/Saak '10].
- Calculate ADI shift parameters depending on the problem structure.
 - $\,\hookrightarrow\,$ Different methods have been tested (Penzl, Wachspress, Saak).
 - $\,\hookrightarrow\,$ Infinite eigenvalues of DAE pencil yield additional difficulties.
- Preconditioned iterative solvers for innermost saddle point systems.
- Parameter influence observation during the nested iteration.
 - $\hookrightarrow\,$ 3 stopping criteria, Reynolds & Schmidt number, ADI shifts, regularization parameters in cost functional.



Zoom into eigenvalues for NSE pencil for: Re100





Zoom into eigenvalues for NSE pencil for: Re 200





Zoom into eigenvalues for NSE pencil for: Re 300



9/12 E. Bänsch, P. Benner, J. Saak, M. Stoll, H. K. Weichelt, St. Weller



Zoom into eigenvalues for NSE pencil for: Re 400



9/12 E. Bänsch, P. Benner, J. Saak, M. Stoll, H. K. Weichelt, St. Weller



Zoom into eigenvalues for NSE pencil for: Re 500



9/12 E. Bänsch, P. Benner, J. Saak, M. Stoll, H. K. Weichelt, St. Weller



Project Summary		Workflow	Numerical Examples	Conclusion
	00	000	00	
Numerical	Examples			M
Closed-Loop Sim	ulation of NSE on v	on Kármán Vortex	Street for $Re = 300$	

Project Summary O	Scenarios OO	Workflow 000	Numerical Examples	Conclusion •••
Conclusion				MI
Review				
NI				

- Numerical concept has been implemented.
 - Adapt Newton-ADI algorithm and ADI shift determination for flow problems (DAE structure).
 - Identify initial feedback via Bernoulli equation.
 - Derived reasonable preconditioner to solve SPS iteratively.
- Scenario 0 fully processed and integrated in NAVIER.
- Scenario 1 fully processed without visualization.
- Non-conforming finite elements that guarantee $\operatorname{div} \vec{v} = 0$.

 \hookrightarrow MPI Preprint: [Benner/Saak/Schieweck/Skrzypacz/W. '12]

Outlook

- Visualization of Scenario 1.
- Derive LQR setting for Scenario 2 and 3.
- Adapt methods to special structure of Scenarios 2 and 3.
- Extend new non-conforming composed FE concept.

Project Summary O	Scenarios 00	Workflow 000	Numerical Examples	Conclusion
Conclusior	1			M
Review				
 Nume A p lc D Scenar Scenar Non-c → MI 	rical concept has dapt Newton-ADI roblems (DAE stru- lentify initial feed rerived reasonable rio 0 fully proces rio 1 fully proces onforming finite PI Preprint and	been implement l algorithm and Al ucture). back via Bernoulli preconditioner sed and inter sed and inter sed cipotit via Sments that gu	ted. DI shift determinition equating terminition solve as iteratively. With AVIER. anization. uarantee div $\vec{v} = 0$. weck/Skrzypacz/W. '12]	1. Flow
Outlook	N ization of Scenar	rio 1.		
• Derive	LQR setting for	r Scenario 2 and	3.	
 Adapt 	methods to spe	cial structure of	Scenarios 2 and 3.	
Extend	hew non-confo	rming composed	FE concept	

Project Summary O	v Scenarios OO	Workflow 000	Numerical Examples	Conclusion ⊙●
Litera	ture			Mil
	E. BÄNSCH AND P. BENNER, ARC AND P. BENNER, IN CO Differential Equations, G. Leug Series of Numerical Mathemati P. BENNER AND J. SAAK, A C Algebraic Riccati Equations, Pr P. BENNER, J. SAAK, F. SCHI non-conforming composite qua Stokes equations, Tech. Rep. M P. BENNER, J. SAAK, M. STC	Stabilization of Incom, nstrained Optimization ering and S. Engell et cs, Birkhäuser, 2012, Galerkin-Newton-ADI I reprint DFG-SPP1253 EWECK, P. SKRZYPAG drilateral finite element APIMD/12-19, 2012.	pressible Flow Problems by a and Optimal Control for Par- al., eds., vol. 160 of Internation pp. 5–20. Method for Solving Large-Scale 090, 2010. 22, AND H. K. WEICHELT, A at pair for feedback stabilization HELT, Efficient Solution of Lar	tial onal e on of the rge-Scale
	Saddle Point Systems Arising i Incompressible Stokes Flow, Pr H. ELMAN, D. SILVESTER, AN with applications in incompress M. HEINKENSCHLOSS, D. C. S for a class of descriptor system Scientific Computing, 30 (2008	n Riccati-Based Boundeprint DFG-SPP1253- D A. WATHEN, Finite Sible fluid dynamics, O ORENSEN, AND K. SU s with application to the P), pp. 1038–1063.	dary Feedback Stabilization of 130, 2012. Elements and Fast Iterative S xford University Press, Oxford N, Balanced truncation model the Oseen equations, SIAM Jo	olvers: , 2005. reduction urnal on

J. RAYMOND, Feedback boundary stabilization of the two-dimensional Navier-Stokes equations, SIAM Journal on Control and Optimization, 45 (2006), pp. 790–828.

12/12E. Bänsch, P. Benner, J. Saak, M. Stoll, H. K. Weichelt, St. Weller Optimal Control-Based Feedback Stabilization of Multi-Field Flow Problems





Relative change of feedback matrix K for different Reynolds numbers.